NAME\_\_\_\_\_\_ID\_\_\_

MATHEMATICS 251

MIDTERM

Fall 2001

SHOW ALL WORK. Marks for each problem are to the left of the problem number. NO CALCULATORS PLEASE.

[5] 1. Find 
$$\lim_{x\to 2} \left(\frac{2x^2+x-10}{8-2x^2}\right)$$
. (Do not use l'Hôpital's Rule.)

[5] 2. Find 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{x^2}{\sin^2 4x}\right)$$
. (Do not use l'Hôpital's Rule.)

[5] 3. Find and simplify  $\frac{d}{dx}(x^2\sqrt{2-x^2})$ .

[5] 4. Find and simplify f'(x) where  $f(x) = \sec(\tan x) - \sec x \tan x$ .

[5] 5. Find and simplify  $\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{4 - \cos 3x}{3x^2 + \sec 4x} \right)$ .

[5] 6. Find and simplify  $\frac{d}{dx}\sqrt{1-x\sin 2x}$ .

[5] 7. USE THE DEFINITION OF DERIVATIVE to find  $\frac{d}{dx}\sqrt{x^2-7}$ .

[5] 8. Show that the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 - 8x, & x < 2 \\ x^2 - 12, & x \ge 2 \end{cases}$  is continuous at x = 2.

[5] 9. Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of  $y = (2x - 1)^{-2}$  at the point where x = 1.

[5] 10. Find the derivative of  $\csc x$ . You may use formulas for the derivatives of any of the other five trigonometric functions.