

Department of Economics Faculty of Arts

Economics 201 (L03) Principles of Microeconomics

Instructor: Wojciech (Victor) Fulmyk Lecture Location: ENA 201

Email: wojciech.fulmyk@ucalgary.ca Lecture Days/Time: MWF 12:00 - 12:50

Office: SS 415

Office Hours: M 15:00 - 16:00, W 14:00 - 15:00 Fall 2022

Course Description:

Economics is the study of how we respond to scarcity, in particular the alternatives and implications of how different institutions manage scarcity. Scarcity means that individuals and societies must make choices. The choice of institutions determines the allocation of scarce resources—what and how much gets produced, how is it produced, and who gets what is produced—and our standard of living.

Econ 201 develops principles on how individuals make choices and how those choices are influenced by institutions. There is a particular focus on understanding the use of markets to allocate resources. The objective is to understand how markets work, when they work well, when they do not work well, and the role for governments and non-market allocation. Fundamentally the key questions for any student in economics are:

- Why was life for most traditionally, and many currently, brutal, nasty, and (fortunately) short, but for others (in increasing numbers) it is not?
- Why are some societies wealthy and others are so unproductive that their members barely subsist?

Course Learning Outcomes:

- I. The Implications of Scarcity: Opportunity Cost
 - Opportunity cost: every choice has a cost, the foregone alternative. Opportunity cost is necessarily implied by scarcity.
 - Individuals make decisions.
 - Decisions are made at the margin.
 - Individuals respond to incentives: by changing the marginal cost and benefit of an activity, the level of the activity will change.
- II. Voluntary Trade and Efficiency
 - Voluntary trade makes both parties better off.
 - Voluntary trade, because it makes both parties better off, is socially desirable, unless
 - it harms a third party (not Pareto Improvement) or

 the harm to third parties exceeds the benefit of the voluntary trade (not a Potential Pareto Improvement).

III. Institutional Framework for Market

- Markets operate within an institutional framework. Those institutions can be provided privately, but some are more likely best provided by collective action, i.e., voluntarily by groups of individuals—perhaps organized by a government.
 - The intuitional framework includes private property rights, contract law, means of exchange, and the judicial system.
 - Governments define the extent and scope of private property rights: private property rights provide the incentive for investment.
 - Investments in capital are often sunk, this creates the risk that changes in government policy will change the returns to investors without, in the short run, a reduction in the incentive to provide goods and services even though the return on and off capital has been reduced. In the long run, however, investors will respond by requiring higher risk premiums and will underinvest.

IV. Competitive Markets

- A competitive trading process results in outcomes that are often socially desirable. Markets are
 often the best way to organize economic activity in practice relative to actual alternatives. A
 decentralized process, as if by an invisible hand, channels private interests to achieve the social
 interest.
- Prices in competitive markets signal value.
- Prices are the means by which decentralized decisions are coordinated. Without the ability of
 markets to aggregate preferences and costs in the formation of prices, extensive coordination of
 economic activity is difficult, indeed likely not possible: the result does not maximize the value
 of society's endowment of resources
- Markets promote both the efficient allocation of resources at a point in time, but also promote dynamic efficiency.
 - o Entrepreneurship is fundamentally about creating a new higher valued use and reallocating to that use resources from a lower valued use.
- Prices allocate resources in market economies: prices formed in markets determine what gets produced, how it is produced, and to whom it is distributed.

V. The Role of Alternative Institutions: Government Intervention and Market Failure

- Non-market alternatives to allocating resources typically put restrictions on voluntary trade.
 They therefore mostly reduce the value of trade, but they can increase the gains from trade when the private benefits and the social benefits of trade are not the same, that is when there are third party effects.
- Markets may not be the optimal governance structure when there are externalities, public goods, information is asymmetric, or there is market power.
- Government intervention involves the use of legal coercive force. In theory a perfect government can improve on the allocation of resources when there are externalities, public goods, information is asymmetric, or there is market power.

VI. Income Distribution and Social Choice Theory

- The wealth of a nation is a function of the value of goods and services it produces.
- In competitive markets, incomes depend on the productivity of a factor of production and the value of its output.
- Wage differentials in competitive markets reflect differences in productivity.

- Individuals have preferences: society does not. Governments can use their legal power on coercion to tax and redistribute income. The determination of the distribution of income is determined by political institutions.
- Government activities are financed by taxes: taxes usually impose more costs than the revenue raised. This gives rise to a trade-off between efficiency and redistribution.

VII. Public Choice

- The government has a legal monopoly on the power of coercion. This is a very valuable resource and like most valuable resources can, and will be, traded in a market. Unfortunately, the result is that the power is used to create and transfer rents to special interest groups favoured by the political process. The result is often inefficiency, leading to lower productivity and incomes.
- In practice, government intervention is not perfect because of asymmetric information and incentive problems. Politicians, regulators, and government employees make decisions to favour their self interest.
- The choice is often between imperfect markets and imperfect government intervention.
- An important consideration in the design of political and regulatory institutions is constraints on the ability and extent of governments to exercise their coercive power to create and redistribute income.

Course Outline:

This course covers the following topics. (Note: Some topics may be added or removed depending on time constraints)

Topic	Mankiw Chapter(s)
The Economist's View of the World and the Economic Way of Thinking	1 and 2
Comparative Advantage and Trade	3
How Markets Work: Supply and Demand	4 - 6
Markets and Welfare	7
Applications: Taxation and Trade	8 - 9
Competitive Markets and Costs	13 (or Reading) and 14
Market Power	15 and 17
Externalities	10
Public Goods	11
Asymmetric Information	22.1
Distribution of Income and Factor Markets	18 and 19
Social Choice	20 and 22.2
Public Choice	Reading

Prerequisites/corequisites:

None.

Required Textbook:

Mankiw, N.G., Kneebone, R.D., McKenzie, K.J., 2019. *Principles of Microeconomics*, Eighth Canadian edition. Toronto: Thomson Nelson.

Books on Reserve:

The list of reserve titles, if any, is posted at the course D2L site.

Desire2Learn:

This course will make use of the Desire2Learn (D2L) platform. Students who are registered in the course can log on at http://d2l.ucalgary.ca through their student centre. Please note that D2L features a class e-mail list that may be used to distribute course-related information. These e-mails go to your University of Calgary e-mail addresses only.

Tutorials:

Students are expected to attend the weekly tutorial section to which they have been assigned. During the tutorials, the TA will discuss pre-assigned questions and additional material relevant to the course that is not covered in lectures.

Grade Determination:

Assignments (4)	20%
MIDTERM EXAM	30%
FINAL EXAMINATION	50%
	100%

Examination Details:

Tests and exams WILL involve multiple choice questions.

Programmable calculators, cellphones, textbooks, course notes, and other electronic devices will not be allowed during the writing of tests or final examinations. Students are reminded that simply being able to access their cellphone during an exam is academic misconduct.

The exact date for the in-class midterm will be announced at least one week in advance. The midterm will be held during lecture hours.

Assignments:

Assignments will be posted to D2L and you are expected to submit your answers to these assignments online using D2L. If you are unable to submit electronic answers to assignments for valid reasons (for example, for medical reasons) please seek an accommodation from me. This accommodation will allow you to submit a hand-written assignment instead. Hand-written assignments will only be accepted from students that have been given a prior accommodation or that have experienced exceptional circumstances.

Course material dealing with a particular assignment will typically be covered in class at least 3 days before the assignment is due; thus, assignments can be completed at any time up to, and including, the due date. Given these factors, only situations where someone can document illness or domestic affliction for an extended period (i.e., the entire 3 days prior to the due date) would possibly warrant shifting the assignment weight to the final exam. Furthermore, technical problems can be expected to occur with computer systems (and internet availability) so it may be a good idea to not wait until the last minute to submit your assignment.

Grading Policies:

The official grading system will be used. See http://www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/current/f-1-1.html.

Students must receive a passing grade on the final exam to pass the course. Students committing academic misconduct during the final exam will not receive a passing grade for the course.

If a student's letter grade on the final exam exceeds their midterm(s) letter grade, the weight of the midterm(s) is (are) transferred to the final exam. The student must have written the midterm(s) or provided supporting documentation for the absence(s).

As per the Writing Across the Curriculum Statement in the Calendar, writing and grading thereof will be a factor in the evaluation of student work. See https://www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/current/e-2.html.

Any student work which remains undistributed after the last day of classes will be available to students through the instructor's office during the instructor's office hours.

The final examination will be comprehensive, scheduled by the Registrar, held in a classroom, and last 2 hours. If a student cannot write their final exam on the date assigned by the Registrar's Office, they need to apply for a deferred exam https://www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/current/g-6.html. Under no circumstance will this be accommodated by the Department.

THERE WILL BE NO MAKEUP OR DEFERRED QUIZZES/TESTS/EXAMS under any circumstances, nor may the quizzes/tests/exams be written early. Students unable to write the quizzes/tests/exams because of documented illness, family emergency, religious observance, or university-sanctioned event will have the weight shifted to the final examination; otherwise a grade of zero will be assigned.

Reappraisal of Grades:

For Reappraisal of Graded Term Work, see Calendar I.2 http://www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/current/i-2.html

For Reappraisal of Final Grade, see Calendar I.3 http://www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/current/i-3.html

Academic Misconduct and Intellectual Honesty:

Academic Misconduct refers to student behavior that compromises proper assessment of students' academic activities and includes: cheating; fabrication; falsification; plagiarism; unauthorized assistance; failure to comply with an instructor's expectations regarding conduct required of students completing academic assessments in their courses; and failure to comply with exam regulations applied by the Registrar.

Statement of Intellectual Honesty, see Calendar K.4 https://www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/current/k-3.html

Plagiarism and Other Academic Misconduct https://ucalgary.ca/student-services/student-success/learning/academic-integrity

Academic Accommodations:

Students seeking an accommodation based on disability or medical concerns should contact Student Accessibility Services. SAS will process the request and issue letters of accommodation to instructors. Students who require an accommodation in relation to their coursework based on a protected ground other than disability should communicate this need in writing to their Instructor. The full policies on Student Accommodations are available at https://www.ucalgary.ca/legal-services/sites/default/files/teams/1/Policies-Student-Accommodation-Policy.pdf.

Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy (FOIP) Act:

Personal information is collected in accordance with FOIP. Assignments can only be returned to the student and will be accessible only to authorized faculty and staff. For more information, see https://www.ucalgary.ca/legal-services/sites/default/files/teams/1/faq-privacy-students.pdf

Internet and Electronic Communication Device information:

The use of cell phones for any purpose in class is prohibited. Computers and tablets may be used for note taking only unless otherwise authorized by the instructor.

Copyright Legislation:

See the University of Calgary policy on Acceptable Use of Material Protected by Copyright at https://www.ucalgary.ca/legal-services/sites/default/files/teams/1/Policies-Acceptable-Use-of-Material-Protected-by-Copyright-Policy.pdf. Students who use material protected by copyright in violation of this policy may be disciplined under the Non-Academic Misconduct Policy.

Recording of Lectures:

Recording of lectures is prohibited, except for audio recordings authorized as an accommodation by SAS or an audio recording for individual private study and only with the written permission of the instructor. Any unauthorized electronic or mechanical recording of lectures, their transcription, copying, or distribution, constitutes academic misconduct. See https://www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/current/e-6.html.

Instructor Intellectual Property:

Course materials created by instructors (including presentations and posted notes, labs, case studies, assignments and exams) remain the intellectual property of the instructor. These materials may NOT be reproduced, redistributed, or copied without the explicit consent of the instructor. The posting of course materials to third party websites such as note-sharing sites without permission is prohibited. Sharing of extracts of these course materials with other students enrolled in the course at the same time may be allowed under fair dealing.

Important Dates:

Please check: http://www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/current/academic-schedule.html.

Student Organizations:

Faculty of Arts Students' Association (F.A.S.A.): Economics Department Representative Office: SS 803, E-mail: econrep@fasaucalgary.ca and Web: www.fasaucalgary.ca.

Society of Undergraduates in Economics:

https://www.ucalgarysue.com/.

Society of Undergraduates in Economics is a student run organization whose main purpose is to assist undergraduate economics students to succeed both academically and socially at the University of Calgary. Services include access to the exam bank, career events such as Industry Night and information sessions, mentorship programs, and social events for members. They invite you to join by contacting SUE at sue@ucalgarysue.com.

Faculty of Arts Program Advising and Student Information Resources:

- Have a question, but not sure where to start? The Arts Students' Centre is your information
 resource for everything in Arts! Drop in at SS102, call them at 403-220-3580, or email them at
 artsads@ucalgary.ca. You can also visit the Faculty of Arts website at
 http://arts.ucalgary.ca/undergraduate which has detailed information on common academic
 concerns, including program planning and advice.
- For registration (add/drop/swap), paying fees and assistance with your Student Centre, contact Enrolment Services at 403-210-ROCK [7625] or visit them in the MacKimmie Library Block.

Student Support and Resources:

- See https://www.ucalgary.ca/registrar/registration/course-outlines for information on campus mental health resources, the Student Ombuds' Office, Student Success Centre, Safewalk, and Emergency Evacuation and Assembly.
- Online writing resources are available at https://ucalgary.ca/student-services/student-success/writing-support.

Notes:

- 1. Students are responsible for all assigned material, e.g., supplementary material posted on D2L, regardless of whether or not the material was covered in class.
- 2. Please note that the following types of emails will receive no response: Emails which do not list the relevant course; emails which are not signed with student's full name and UCID; and emails involving questions that are specifically addressed on the course outline, lecture slides, or posted on D2L.

WF 2022-08-12