Practice Problems S7 (Vector Geometry)

- 1. Let $P_1(2, 1, -2)$ and $P_2(1, -2, 0)$ be points in \mathbb{R}^3 .
 - (a) Find the parametric equations of the line through P_1 and P_2 ;
 - (b) Find the coordinates of the point P that is 1/4 of the way from P_1 to P_2 .
- 2. Find the point of intersection P between the lines (if they are concurrent):

$$\begin{cases} x = 3 + t \\ y = 2 + 3t \\ z = -1 - 3t \end{cases} \text{ and } \begin{cases} x = 1 - s \\ y = 1 + 2s \\ z = 3 + s \end{cases}$$

3. Find the equation of the plane passing through the point P(3, -7, 5)and is perpendicular to the line $\begin{cases} x = 2 + 6t \\ y = -5 - 6t \\ z = 3 + 5t \end{cases}$

- 4. Find the equation of the plane through the points A(3, -7, 1), B(2, 0, -1) and C(1, 3, 0). Check if the point D(5, 1, 1) lies on this plane.
- 5. Determine whether the plane 2x 3y + z = 1 contains the line $\begin{cases} x = 3 + 2t \\ y = 2 \\ z = 1 4t \end{cases}$
- 6. Find the line of intersection of the planes $(\pi_1) \equiv 3x + 5y + 4z = 5$ and $(\pi_2) \equiv x + 2y + 3z = 2$.
- 7. Find the shortest distance from the point P(1, 1, 1) to the line $\begin{cases} x = 3 + t \\ y = 9 \\ z = 10 4t \end{cases}$ Which point on this line is closest to P?

8. Find the shortest distance from the point P(4, 1, 9) to the plane x-4z = 2. Which point on this plane is closest to P?

9. Let $\overrightarrow{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ 2\\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$, $\overrightarrow{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ -2\\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$, $\overrightarrow{w} = \begin{bmatrix} -3\\ 1\\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ be vectors in \mathbb{R}^3 . Compute:

(a) $\overrightarrow{v} \times \overrightarrow{w}$ and then $\overrightarrow{u} \times (\overrightarrow{v} \times \overrightarrow{w})$;

- (b) $(\overrightarrow{u} \cdot \overrightarrow{w}) \overrightarrow{v} (\overrightarrow{u} \cdot \overrightarrow{v}) \overrightarrow{w}$.
- 10. Find the areas of the sides of the parallelepiped determined by the vectors \overrightarrow{AB} , \overrightarrow{AC} , and \overrightarrow{AD} , where A, B, C and D are the points in Problem 4. What is the volume of this parallelepiped?

Recommended Problems:

Pages 165 - 167: 1 a, c; 3 a; 4 a; 5, 7 a; 9 a, b; 15, 20, 24 Pages 177 - 179: 1 a; 2 a, b; 3 a; 6, 8, 9, 10 a; 11 a; 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 a; 18, 19, 24 a Page 185: 3 a; 4 a; 5 a.