

The University of Calgary
 Department of Mathematics and Statistics
 MATH 249- 03
 Quiz #5W

Fall 2005

Name: _____ I.D.#: _____

1. Solve for x : $\frac{1}{2^{2x+1}} = \frac{5}{4^{3x}}$. [3]

2. For $f(x) = x^{\sqrt{x}} + \ln(2x)$ find the domain and $f'(x)$. [4]

3. After 2 days a sample of radon decayed to 50 kg. After 4 days to 35 kg.
 What was the original amount? [3]

SOLUTION

For 1)

cross multiply first $4^{3x} = 5 \cdot 2^{2x+1}$, then apply \ln to both sides

thus

$$3x \ln 4 = \ln 5 + (2x + 1) \ln 2 \quad 3x \ln 4 - 2x \ln 2 = \ln 5 + \ln 2 = \ln(5 \cdot 2)$$

$$3x \ln 2^2 - 2x \ln 2 = (6x - 2x) \ln 2 = 4x \ln 2 = \ln 10 \text{ or } x(3 \ln 4 - 2 \ln 2) = x \ln \frac{4^3}{2^2}$$

$$\text{and finally } x \ln 4^2 = \ln 10 \quad x = \frac{\ln 10}{\ln 16} = \frac{\ln 10}{4 \ln 2}$$

$$\text{OR} \quad \frac{4^{3x}}{2^{2x+1}} = \frac{2^{6x}}{2^{2x+1}} = 2^{4x-1} = 5 \quad 2^{4x} = 10$$

$$\text{and then log.f.} \quad 4x = \log_2 10 \quad x = \frac{1}{4} \log_2 10$$

For 2)

for $x > 0$ rewrite $x^{\sqrt{x}} = e^{\sqrt{x} \ln x}$

$$f'(x) = (e^{\sqrt{x} \ln x})' + (\ln 2x)' = e^{\sqrt{x} \ln x} (\sqrt{x} \ln x)' + \frac{1}{2x} \cdot 2 =$$

$$= e^{\sqrt{x} \ln x} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \cdot \ln x + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x} \right) + \frac{1}{x} = e^{\sqrt{x} \ln x} \left(\frac{\ln x}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{1}{x}$$

also you may simplify $\ln(2x) = (\ln 2 + \ln x)$

For 2)

the correct formula for the amount of radon $A(t) = A_0 e^{kt}$ where $k < 0$

t in days ,the initial amount $A_0 = ?$

$$\text{given} \quad \text{if } t = 2 \quad 50 = A_0 e^{2k} \quad \text{if } t = 4 \quad 35 = A_0 e^{4k}$$

$$\text{so} \quad A_0 = \frac{50}{e^{2k}} = \frac{35}{e^{4k}} \quad \text{solve for } k \quad e^{4k-2k} = \frac{35}{50} \quad e^{2k} = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$k = \frac{\ln 0.7}{2} = -0.1783374 \quad \text{and} \quad A_0 = \frac{50}{e^{2k}} = 50 \cdot \frac{10}{7} = 71.4286 \text{ kg}$$