

NAME _____ ID _____

MATHEMATICS 249

MIDTERM

Fall 2004

SHOW ALL WORK. Marks for each problem are to the left of the problem number.
NO CALCULATORS PLEASE.

[4] 1. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{6 - 6x^2}{x^2 - 7x + 6} \right)$.

[5] 2. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \left(\frac{x + 2}{\sqrt{x + 6} - 2} \right)$.

[5] 3. Find $f'(x)$ where $f(x) = (2 - x^3)e^{2x+1}$.

[5] 4. Find $\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{5x^2 - 8}{5 \sin 8x} \right)$.

[5] 5. Use implicit differentiation to find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ where $x^2 - 4y = \tan(xy)$.

[5] 6. USE THE DEFINITION OF DERIVATIVE to find $\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{1}{x+1} \right)$.

[6] 7. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = \frac{\sqrt{2x}}{1-x}$ at the point on the curve where $x = 2$.

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[4] 1. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4} \left(\frac{2x^2 + 7x - 4}{8 + 2x} \right)$.

[5] 2. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \left(\frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x^2-1} \right)$.

[5] 3. Find $f'(x)$ where $f(x) = xe^{\sin 4x}$.

[5] 4. Find $\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{\ln(3x-1)}{x^3-4x+1} \right)$.

[5] 5. Use implicit differentiation to find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ where $x^2 \sec y = x + y^2$.

[5] 6. USE THE DEFINITION OF DERIVATIVE to find $\frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{5x})$.

[6] 7. The position of an object moving on the number line at time t is given by the function $f(t) = \frac{t^{3/2}}{t-6}$. Find the velocity of the object at time $t = 4$.