## MATH 249 Midterm Handout

1. Evaluate

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left( x^2 - x^2 \cos \frac{1}{x} \right)$$

2. Evaluate

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin x}{x - \pi}$$
 (b)  $\lim_{x \to \pi} \frac{\sin x}{x - \pi}$  (c)  $\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x - \pi}$ 

3. For  $y = \frac{\cos \pi x}{1-x}$  find an equation of the tangent line at  $x = -\frac{1}{2}$ .

- 4. For  $y = \left(\sin \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4+1}}\right)^3$  find y'.
- 5. Show that the function  $f(x) = x 2\sin(\pi x)$  has at least one positive zero i.e. f(x) = 0 at least for one x > 0.
- 6. Locate all 3 roots of  $p(x) = 2x^3 6x^2 + 7$  i.e. find 3 intervals each containing one root.Sketch the graph of y = p(x).
- 7. Find  $\sec \theta$  if  $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{5}$  and  $\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta < \frac{3}{2}\pi$ .
- 8. If  $\cos \theta = \frac{2}{3}$  and  $\pi < \theta < 2\pi$  find  $\sin \theta$  and then  $\sin 2\theta$ .
- 9. Find the values of a and b so that the function f is continuous everywhere

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{2}{2x+1} - 3\right)(4x^2 - 1) & \text{for} \quad x < -\frac{1}{2} \\ ax + b & \text{for} \quad -\frac{1}{2} \le x \le 2 \\ \cos(-\frac{\pi}{x}) & \text{for} \quad x > 2 \end{cases}$$

10. Find the values of a and b so that the function f is continuous everywhere

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos(\pi x) - 2\sin\frac{\pi x}{2} & \text{for} \quad x > 3\\ ax^2 + b & \text{for} \quad 0 \le x \le 3\\ 6 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{9 - x} - 3}{x} & \text{for} \quad x < 0 \end{cases}$$

11. **A** 

Sketch the graph of ONE function satisfying all the following conditions:

- (a) f is defined on  $[-2, +\infty)$
- (b) f is discontinuous at x = 0, 1, 2 where  $\lim_{x \to 1} f(x) = 3$ ,  $\lim_{x \to 2} f(x)$  DNE(does not exist).otherwise continuous
- (c) x = 0 is a vertical asymptote and y = -2 is a horizontal asymptote
- (d) f is not differentiable at x = -1, 0, 1, 2 (no f'(-1)) otherwise differentiable and f'(x) = 0 for all  $x \in [0, 1[$ , also f'(4) = 0.

(e) the maximum value is 3.

В

Sketch the graph of ONE function satisfying all the following conditions:

- (a) f is defined on  $(-\infty, 1]$
- (b) f is discontinuous at x = -3 and x = -2 where  $\lim_{x \to -3^+} f(x) = f(-3) = 5$  otherwise continuous
- (c) x = -2 is a vertical asymptote and  $\lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x)DNE$  (does not exists)
- (d) f is not differentiable at x = -1, -2, -3 (no f'(-1)) otherwise differentiable and f'(x) = 0 for all  $x \in [-1, 0[$ , also f'(-4) = 0;
- (e) the minimum value is -2.

## $\mathbf{C}$

Sketch the graph of ONE function satisfying all the following conditions:

- (a) f is defined on  $]-\infty, 2[$
- (b) f is discontinuous at x = -3 and x = -2 where  $\lim_{x \to -3} f(x) = 2$ , and x = -2 is a vertical asymptote, otherwise continuous
- (c) y = 1 is a horintal asymptote
- (d) f is not differentiable at x = -1, -2, -3 (no f'(-1)) otherwise differentiable and f'(x) = 0 for all  $x \in [1, 2[$ , also f'(-4) = 0;
- (e) the minimum value is  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

## $\mathbf{D}$

Sketch the graph of ONE function satisfying all the following conditions:

- (a) f is defined on  $]-1,\infty[$
- (b) f is discontinuous at x = 3 and x = 2 where  $\lim_{x \to 2^+} f(x) = f(2) = 3$ , x = 3 is a vertical asymptote ,otherwise continuous
- (c) and  $\lim_{x \to +\infty} f(x) DNE$  (does not exists)
- (d) f is not differentiable at x = 0, 2, 3 (no f'(0)) otherwise differentiable and f'(x) = 0 for all  $x \in [-1, 0[$ , also f'(4) = 0.

## $\mathbf{E}$

Sketch the graph of ONE function satisfying all the following conditions:

(a) f is defined on  $]-\infty, +\infty[$ 

- (b) f is discontinuous at x = -1 and x = 2 where  $\lim_{x \to -1} f(x)$  DNE x = 2 is a vertical asymptote ,otherwise continuous
- (c) and  $\lim_{x\to-\infty} f(x)DNE$  (does not exists), y = -3 is a horizontal asymptote;
- (d) f is not differentiable at x = -1, 1, 2 (no f'(1)) otherwise differentiable and f'(x) = 0 for all  $x \in [2, 3[$ , also f'(4) = 0;
- (e) the maximum value is 4.