

**MATH 353      Handout #6**

1. Evaluate  $\oint_{\mathcal{C}} x^2y^2 dx + 4xy^3 dy$  where  $\mathcal{C}$  is the triangle with vertices  $(0, 0)$ ,  $(1, 3)$  and  $(0, 3)$ , oriented positively.
2. Evaluate  $\int_{\mathcal{C}} \mathbf{F} \bullet d\mathbf{r}$  where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle \sqrt{x} + y^3, x^2 + \sqrt{y} \rangle$  and  $\mathcal{C}$  consists of the arc of the curve  $y = \sin x$  from  $(0, 0)$  to  $(\pi, 0)$ .
3. Evaluate  $\int \int_{\mathcal{S}} \text{curl} \mathbf{F} \bullet d\mathbf{S}$  where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle yz, xz, xy \rangle$  and  $\mathcal{S}$  is the part of the paraboloid  $z = 9 - x^2 - y^2$  that lies above the plane  $z = 5$ , oriented upward.
4. Evaluate  $\int_{\mathcal{C}} \mathbf{F} \bullet d\mathbf{r}$  where  $\mathbf{F}(e^{-x}, e^x, e^z)$  and  $\mathcal{C}$  is the boundary of the part of the plane  $2x + y + 2z = 2$  in the first octant.
5. Calculate the flux of  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle 4x^3z, 4y^3z, 3z^4 \rangle$  out of the sphere  $\mathcal{S}$  with radius  $R$  centered at the origin.
6. Evaluate  $\int_{\mathcal{C}} \mathbf{F} \bullet N ds$  where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle -y, x \rangle$  and  $\mathcal{C}$  is the unit circle, oriented positively.