

**PMAT 315**  
**ASSIGNMENT 5**                      **WINTER 2010**

1. #14, §3.1. Given  $r$  and  $s$  in a ring  $R$ , show that  $1 + rs$  is a unit in  $R$  if and only if  $1 + sr$  is a unit.  
[Hint: Compute  $(1 + sr)s(1 + rs)^{-1}r$ .] 8 marks
2. A subset  $L$  of a ring  $R$  is called a **left ideal** of  $R$  if  $RL \subseteq L$ ; that is if  $rl \in L$  for all  $r \in R$  and  $l \in L$ . If  $R \neq 0$  and  $0$  and  $R$  are the only left ideals of  $R$ , show that  $R$  is a division ring. 8 marks
3. #34 §3.3. A ring  $R$  is called **local** if the set  $J(R)$  of all non-units is an ideal.
  - (a) Show that every division ring is local. 1 mark
  - (b) If  $p$  is a prime show that  $\mathbb{Z}_p$  is local ring that is not a field. [In fact,  $\mathbb{Z}_{p^n}$  is local,  $p$  any prime.] 1 mark
  - (c) If  $R$  is local, show that  $R/J(R)$  is a division ring. 1 mark
  - (d) If  $R$  is local, show that every ideal  $A$  of  $R$ ,  $A \neq R$ , is contained in  $J(R)$ . 1 mark
  - (e) If  $R$  is local and  $A \subseteq J(R)$  is an ideal, show that  $R/A$  is local and  $J(R/A) = \{r + A \mid r \in J(R)\}$ . 4 marks
4. #36 §3.4. Let  $R$  be a ring and let  $\eta$  be a symbol. As in the discussion preceding Example 5 §3.2, let  $R(\eta)$  denote the set of formal sums  $a + b\eta$ ,  $a, b \in R$ . Decree:  $\eta^2 = 0$ ;  $a\eta = \eta a$  for all  $a \in R$ ; and  $a + b\eta = a' + b'\eta$  implies  $a = a'$  and  $b = b'$ .
  - (a) If  $A$  is an ideal of  $R$ , write  $A(\eta) = \{a + b\eta \mid a, b \in A\}$ . Show that  $A(\eta)$  is an ideal of  $R(\eta)$  and that  $R(\eta)/A(\eta) \cong (R/A)(\eta)$ . 4 marks
  - (b) Show that  $R(\eta) \cong \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & a \end{bmatrix} \mid a, b \in R \right\}$ . 4 marks
5. #11 §3.4. Show that  $x^3 - 8x^2 + 5x + 3$  has no solution  $x \in \mathbb{Z}$ . 8 marks

Total      40 marks